

THE GLEICHEN CALL

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GLEICHEN, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY JANUARY 5, 1938

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BLACKFOOT M. D. COUNCILLORS IN REGULAR SESSION

The council of the Blackfoot Municipality held their last regular meeting for 1937 in the hall owned by Reeve Thorsen, Deputy Reeve Umbrite and Councillors Holger, Rasmussen and Wheatley present.

The delegates to the municipal convention reported that together with delegates of districts from south east of the district they waited upon the Bureau of Relief in connection with unemployment relief grants. They expected to meet Mr. Mark Mann, federal representative, but were disappointed. The districts co-operating in this delegation were in a worse condition than ours and the local delegates were of the opinion that they could not expect federal aid except through the usual grants which was promised.

They also called upon Mr. Howlett, supervisor of the colonies and head of the department of municipal affairs and took up the question of interest payable on 1937 agricultural relief loans from municipal funds. They were advised that this was the arrangements but the 50-50 advance against loss had to be paid. Interest and principal of advances thereunder. Adjustment would naturally take place as the losses were ascertained.

The secretary advised that on accounting of the 1936 agricultural relief loan had been paid to the Edmonton by the bank and also an accounting given by this district. A list of the capital and accounts was also supplied which showed that the amount of note was amply secured by notes and liens. Mr. Howlett had telephoned notices that all collections were to be forwarded to this department as the province was to implement the note at the bank plus 2 per cent interest as guaranteed. The one per cent interest would be paid from municipal funds. In turn one per cent interest would be deducted from remittances by this district.

At this time a letter was read from Mrs. Edith H. Gostick, M. L. A., on behalf of the members of the Calgary Free Church Distribution Committee, thanking the distributing committee for their assistance and co-operation in distributing a car of vegetables consigned to the municipality at Chancellor.

Regarding the road between section 15 and 16-22-22 an agreement was made by R. H. Warner and John Paul Jones and the municipality regarding the bridge and use of the road at a distance had been signed by the parties interested Mr. Warner had completed the bridge and grade.

It was decided to notify the tractor company that it was the intention of the municipality to purchase the elevating grader, subject to the terms and stipulations provided in the agreement.

Councillor Wheatley carried a motion as follows: That a loan be made from the bank for \$985 for school purposes and that the proceeds be disbursed as follows: \$200 to Hill \$400; Shamrock \$225; Towers \$40; Wheatfield \$300.

Phillip Rogers was appointed returning officer for the election to be held on the fourth Saturday in February and the following were appointed deputy returning officers and poll clerks at the polls to be opened: Division 3, poll at municipal office, John Boyd will be returning officer and W. E. Thompson poll clerk.

Division No. 6, poll at Elwood school, Harold C. Scher will be returning officer and H. T. Collops poll clerk.

The ratification and nomination meeting will be held in the Community Hall, Gleichen, the third Saturday in February.

An announcement in the Calgary papers that W. F. Conway had been found dead some 24 hours after he had died may be of interest to many folks in Gleichen. Mr. Conway some 30 years or more ago would be for several years in J. A. Ramsay in the busy store and most old timers will remember him well. He was 82 years old and was a Boer War veteran, was retired on army and old age pensions. Heart trouble was the cause of death.

News Items of Local Interest

Mr. Herb Black of Calgary spent several days visiting his brother Jack Black of Gleichen.

Frank Woods the general store magnet of Duchesne spent New Year's Day with his parents Mr. and Mrs. Eli Woods.

Mr. and Mrs. Ott Wilson and family of Lethbridge spent a few days in Gleichen visiting relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Bob Brown and family accompanied by Campbell and Tom Brown spent a few days visiting their parents in Calgary.

Mr. and Mrs. Glen C. House of the Arrowwood district are spending a week or so in town renewing acquaintances.

Misses Elizabeth and Eleanor Gooderham, who are attending school in Banff spent the holidays with their parents Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Gooderham.

Mr. W. J. Phyllis was taken to a Calgary hospital last week seriously ill. Monday an operation was performed and latest reports are doing very well.

Large numbers of local people spent part of the holiday season visiting other towns, likewise people of other places spent part of their holiday in Gleichen and district.

Mr. H. Corrick who has been confined to a Calgary hospital and went on an operation last week. Latest report state Mrs. Corrick is doing as well as can be expected.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Leith of Calgary spent the holiday season in town visiting at the home of Mrs. Leith's parents, Dr. and Mrs. M. Leith.

Miss Peggy Yates who is attending Mount Royal College, Calgary and her brother Max, who is taking a course in medicine at the University at Edmonton, spent the holiday season at time with their parents Mr. and Mrs. A. Yates.

At the Hat, New Year's Day, the Gunners took wallowing from the

gas city team to the tune of 8-1. Well you see the night before last New Year's Eve and most of the boys told girls over the dance hall floor until five in the morning.

Clifford Kilcup's grandmother Mrs. Campbell and his aunt, Mrs. Stron of Clayton, Idaho, were holiday visitors here. Alida Kilcup spent Christmas Day with two great grandmothers, Mrs. Lee and Mrs. Campbell at the home of Mrs. Claude Rieche.

Friday afternoon a junior hockey team played at Strathmore. When the battle was over the score was 4-3 for Strathmore. Three of the four goals made for Strathmore were put in by Gleichen players, so the boys say. The juniors admit they have a lot to learn about the art of puck chattering.

Among others who spent a few days in Calgary visiting relatives were Miss W. Leggett and Stan Hakany.

James Richardson & Sons, grain merchants, have a noteworthy calendar for 1938 at least it appears, looking to Gleichen people who know a little about Indians. This calendar is centered with a picture of Herbert Lawrence, a blue blooded Blackfoot Indian, painted by N. de Grandmaitre, who was here for sometime last summer. The more one looks at this picture the more one marvels that the painter should select of all Indians, Herbert, for he is a perfect type of Blackfoot Indian, though Herbert wears the white man's clothes and hat or cap, he never did have his hair cut and persists in wearing his hair long tightly braided and tied up with colored sags. This causes the hair to stand out and away from his face thus making his features very prominent. He is generally director of ceremonies at the annual Sun Dance, and is good selected for this important position because of his aboriginal habits. Herbert is 69 years old and speaks good English. During the past week or two he has been a very sick man, suffering from a bad cold and heart trouble, but latest reports state he is getting along very well.

GUNNERS ENTER LEAGUE TO PLAY FIRST GAME FRIDAY

A three team league has been formed between the Gunners, Calgary Riverside Red Wings and Jenkins Green Bombers, and will play a six game schedule.

At the close of the schedule, the first two teams will play off for the league title in a home and home goal-post series.

The Red Wings will play their home games in Gleichen. The first game will be played here Friday evening with the River Side club. The following is the schedule for the balance of the games: January 10, Monday—Gleichen at Jenkins. January 14, Friday—Jenkins at Gleichen. January 17, Monday—Riverside at Jenkins. January 21, Friday—Riverside at Gleichen. January 24, Monday—Jenkins at Riverside.

Strathmore will play in Gleichen on Tuesday January 25, and Gleichen will play the return game at Strathmore on Saturday January 29th.

THE WORLD OF WHEAT

By H. G. L. Shewey, Director of "Crop Testing Plan."

"Garnet wheat will be removed from the grade 3 Northern."

The above announcement was recently made by the Hon. W. D. Esler, Minister of Trade and Commerce, Ottawa.

This news will bring anxiety to every farmer who is growing 'Garnet.'

Some important queries will at once spring to the producer's mind. "Would I continue with 'Garnet'?" "What is the price of Garnet likely to be?" "Should I use a different variety?" If a different variety, then which one?

The truth is that Garnet has been a good variety for northern farmers, for it has enabled thousands to stay on their farms and to pay their taxes. The bald fact is, too, that there is no variety available at the moment that will, with complete satisfaction, replace Garnet.

Having decided to change the grades, in order to help those farm-

SALVATION ARMY EXTENDED A HELPING HAND

Very few people are aware that the Salvation Army officials at the Eventide Home do much to make Xmas a happier lot for many people. Just before Christmas the writer paid a visit to Eventide Home and while there was shown by Mrs. Adair Sutherland, hampers full of good things ready to be sent out to folks in town and district. There were 10 hampers all gaily decorated, each contained loaf bread, cakes, candy, nuts, cookies, canned vegetables, cold beef, Jap oranges, apples, butter, sugar, corn flakes and jelly powders.

Eventide Home was beautifully decorated for the holiday season. Mrs. Sutherland said there were 120 people, including the staff in the home and that a Xmas dinner with all the trimmings, including crackers and gay hats were to be served to all. A gaily decorated tree with presents for all the old folks was on the program. The presents would consist of neck ties, box of candy nuts and such small items. Xmas night a program was to be held after which ice cream would be served.

So from the above it can be seen that the Salvation Army do not forget the spirit of the festive season and do many things to help brighten the lives of people of all ages.

Who may produce No. 3 Northern the further duty of the Dominion government should be specifically to help the Garnet growers. This can be done by increasing the appropriation to plant-breeding institutions, so that the excellent work now going forward to develop a new early variety.

LEGION OFFICIALS EXTEND GREETINGS TO COMRADES

Two officers of the Gleichen branch of the Legion, with all members and ex-members in the district the compliments of the season, and trust that these who from 1937 a difficult year may enjoy better success due to the year 1938.

President, F. W. Jones.
1st Vice-President, Wm. Odeh, Queenstown.
2nd Vice-President, A. M. McHenry.
Sec.-Treas., W. J. Phyllis.
Executive committee: W. A. Reid, John Boyd, W. L. Hainwood, R. Sheldrick, J. Taylor, S. Brown.
Sgt.-At-Arms, G. J. Carey.

McFARLAND TO SPEAK ON CITY

On January 7th, 1938, at 8:30 p.m., John I. McFarland, who was recently chosen as President of the Executive Council of the Unity Movement in Alberta, will make his first public appearance on the subject of Unity.

The speech will be made over radio stations, CFRC, Calgary; CICA, Edmonton; CIOC, Lethbridge; CPGE, Grand Prairie. Mr. McFarland, with his wide knowledge of all phases of life in Western Canada and particularly of the problems which face the farmer, is the best possible man who could be found to advise the people of Alberta on how they can get to attain unity which, is so necessary now. His speech is being awaited with great interest all over the Province.

Unity to replace Garnet can be developed up.

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A Farm Seed Field
"A Seed Field on the Farm" is the title of a pamphlet just issued by the "Crop Testing Group."
Any farmer desiring a copy of this pamphlet may obtain one free of charge at any Alberta Pacific Elevator.
THE ALBERTA PACIFIC GRAIN CO. LTD.

Music of Many Races



Canadian Mosaic, illustrated brought to this country by the race in question—French, Scotch, English, Irish, Welsh, Scandinavian, German, Ukrainian, Polish, Czech-Slovak, Finnish, etc. The Toronto Conservatory String Quartette under the leadership of Elio Spivak will contribute instrumental music by the outstanding composers of the race in question on Sunday, commencing January 2, Frances Jones, one of Canada's leading soprano, will be the soloist interpreting songs specially written on Canadian themes to tunes which have been

may be considered as an interesting feature of the festival. The festival is organized at various points in Canada many years ago by the company. The time for the broadcast will be 7:30 to 8:00, P.M., \$3.00-5.00, A.R.T., 4:30-7:00, C.B.T., 5:30-6:00 Mountain Time and 4:30-5:00 P.M.T.
The layout shows Mr. Gibson, Miss Janet, and Elio Spivak in rehearsal, and insert are Leo Smith, Harold Sumbler, Elio Spivak and Cecil Pinsky members of the Toronto Conservatory String Quartette.

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Seeding From The Skies

Intiguing to the farmers of the prairie provinces, to say the least, is the information that in Soviet Russia grain and grass seed is being planted at the rate of 400 acres an hour by the use of aeroplanes and still more alluring is the suggestion that this method could "easily be used" to seed the broad fields of the wide open spaces in Western Canada.

Both information and suggestion were promulgated by J. A. H. Biles, O.B.E., Executive Commissioner of the Boy Scouts in Canada and former Dean of Applied Science at the University of Fredericton, New Brunswick, at a recent luncheon meeting in Regina. He volunteered the additional information that this method of seeding grain as adopted in Russia has the advantage of making it possible to seed fields covered with snow or mired after rains.

While credence must be given to the Biles' statement that this practice has been, or is being, adopted in Russia, a good deal more information as to the conditions under which this operation is carried out and the results achieved therefrom before due weight could be given to his correlated suggestion that the Canadian west lend itself to this method of seeding grain, principally because of the flatness of the country "landings could be made easily."

On the face of it there must necessarily be many factors, other than ease of landing, before this system of seeding could be pronounced a feasible plan for the Western Canadian farmer as a general thing.

For instance, it would be interesting to know whether in Russia the method has been adopted only in one or two isolated instances where special circumstances and conditions conspired to make it a feasibility, economic and otherwise as, for example, on one of those large collective farms where the acre is measured in square miles rather than in acres, and whether even on these vast farms the method is only in an experimental stage or was used as an emergency measure to speed up production in a record with a government quota.

It would be interesting to know the results of the work carried on in Russia with an aeroplane travelling perhaps at 100 miles an hour or more blasting seed over the countryside in large quantities. Is it possible to broadcast seed in this manner from the fast travelling motor-propelled vehicle somewhere between east and west without wasting large quantities of seed? Can grain sown in this way be distributed thinly and evenly as it can be by a horse-drawn or even a tractor-drawn drill?

These are some of the questions which Western Canadian farmers would like to have answered before he would be prepared to nod acquiescence to the good Biles' suggestion that such a method could easily be applied in this country.

And even if these questions were answered favorably to the plan and to the satisfaction of the interrogator, there are others which would have to be answered satisfactorily before the Western Canadian farmer could be expected to warmly accept the Biles' somewhat novel suggestion.

It is obvious, for instance, that the average three quarter section or section farmer could not afford to purchase an aeroplane to seed his crop, for he would be unable to operate it. He would have to employ a pilot, except perhaps to spray the fields with insecticide or poison bait. The cost would be prohibitive in proportion to the return, no matter how good the yield and how high the price of grain. If it is to be adopted, therefore, it would have to be a custom proposition. If the average farmer is to be able to avail himself of this method of seeding.

If, therefore, such a system of seeding is to be adopted, to be of benefit to the average farmer, it would have to be operated by a large number of farmers on a co-operative basis or by some private individual or corporation willing to run the risk of making what must necessarily be a substantial investment necessary. If the latter, it might necessitate a charge for seeding out of proportion to the benefits derived from seed sown when conditions are ideal for germination of seed scattered from the skies.

There are, of course, advantages which could be credited to the seeding of grain fields by aeroplane. The speed with which it could be done and the large acreage which could be covered in a few hours would make it possible to put in a lot of crop when soil and moisture conditions are most receptive for the seed, but the factors in query and perhaps others would have to be first answered favorably before such a method could become general practice in Western Canadian grain fields.

It is predictable that a great deal more information will have to be secured on this subject before the farmers of this country will take the chance of adopting Mr. Biles' proposal.

Will Visit Provinces

So much of this Coronation year has been spent by the King in London that next year will be more or less devoted to the provinces. Tentative arrangements have been made for His Majesty to visit Northern Ontario and Lancashire, probably in the spring, though no dates have been fixed, reports the Daily Worker. There will also be a visit to the Duchy of Cornwall.

Looks That Way

Jones—I must have been born unlucky.
Friend—Why?
Jones—Well, I was at a football match yesterday and there were 20 players and a referee on the field, about 20,000 spectators on the ground, and the ball hit me.

Enough For Superstitions

A diamond fell out of the crown that the king was wearing during the coronation at George VI's wedding in England. When a score of years later, the American colonies seceded, superstition pointed back to this incident.

Nearly 2,000 anglers entrain regularly every Sunday morning at Sheffield, England, for their favorite fishing spots.

Never allow silver spoons stained with egg to stand. Put them into cold water to soak as soon as they are removed from the table.

The main ship channels of New York harbor are kept free of ice and silt through the use of dredges.

Freedom Of Speech

Sir Edward Beatty Makes Appeal Before Students At Queen's University

Sir Edward Beatty, president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and chancellor of McGill University, told a convention gathering at Queen's University that "I am appealing for freedom of thought and speech, but within the limits of accurate knowledge, sound logic, a sense of responsibility and the ordinary amenities of public life in a civilized community."

Principal speaker at the convention, Sir Edward was recipient of an honorary LL.D. degree. He recalled his appointment as chancellor of Queen's in 1919 and the fact he was chancellor of both Queen's and McGill from 1921 to 1923.

University heads had been charged with the obligation to limit freedom of speech and repressing liberty of thought, Sir Edward asserted in discussing the subject which formed the main part of his address. "Nothing could be more untrue than the charges," he said.

"I have heard that liberty and I shall say again, that liberty of speech and thought are sacred, and nowhere is it more important to the life of our universities," he continued. But Sir Edward contended there were limits within which these freedoms should be exercised.

"It is equally foolish and equally wrong to proceed on the assumption that this freedom and these liberties do not carry with them the obligation of seeing that they are not abused," he said.

South Seas Mystery

Inland Forest Described Was Profitable Source Of Guano

The schooner Denys ran into a molybdenum mine on a small island on a visit to Malden Island, 1,500 miles south of Hawaii.

It was a prolific source of guano which reportedly brought fortune to a canny but wandering sea captain, was found deserted under what looked like a volcanic eruption.

The captain of the Denys reported finding large warehouses filled with guano, and a prolific source of guano which reportedly brought fortune to a canny but wandering sea captain, was found deserted under what looked like a volcanic eruption.

Malden was discovered in 1848 by an American whaling captain. He found the wealth of guano and decided to return and exploit it.

In the meantime another whaling boat came along. Her captain got the same idea but instead of leaving, threw his whaling plans overboard and stayed to exploit the guano.

The purloining company worked the island for decades and was said to have amassed a great fortune. But the Denys found Malden infested with a big bird species. That's all anyone knows.

Boy Overcoming Handicap

Brave Lad Lost Both Arms In Accident Seven Years Ago

Warton, Ontario, has a 14-year-old boy who plays football, umpires baseball is skilled at drawing, writing, well, reads a bicycle and has his share of fun. Nothing unusual about that. But in this case the boy is Bert House who lost both his arms as the result of an accident seven years ago.

"They can who think they can" is the motto Bert holds before himself. It was inscribed in a book written by W. R. Watson, business man who lost his arms early in life, and who sent Bert a copy of the work. When Bert was seven years old he grabbed wires carrying 6,000 volts while playing on a roof. An instant for all but his arms was necessary.

Bert still has trouble eating and dressing, but he thinks he has overcome his handicap. He writes and draws with a pencil held in his teeth. He even goes fishing, holding the pole between his chin and the side of his neck.

He intends to make his own way. "Something will open up by the time I leave school," he said. "I know it will."

"Why have you no speedometer on your car?"
"I don't need one. At thirty miles an hour the lamp catches it; at forty it strikes it; at fifty the wheel goes off; at sixty it shakes; and if I go any quicker than that my teeth chatter."

A turtle, when active, can refrain from breathing for a day or two. When hibernating, it can live for months without breathing.

A Manchurian breed of hen lays quarter-pound eggs.

Streets Of Gold

Unique Tourist Attraction Is Furnished By Dawson City

Dawson City, Yukon Territory, boasts a unique and somewhat startling tourist attraction. Streets of gold after the recovery of the main gold content of gravel and dirt washed down from high levels above the Klondike Valley by a process of hydraulic operations, hundreds of tons of waste or "tailings" in which a trace of gold still remains were used to grade the roads and around the town. Of course, the actual gold content remaining is exceedingly small, but nevertheless the streets of Dawson are literally paved with gold.

Now a town of about a thousand souls, Dawson is the heyday of the famous Klondike gold rush a city of about 40,000 population. The original cause of the gold rush was the discovery of gold in the "pay dirt" in rockers or sluices. Today huge hydraulic dredges are in operation in the Klondike area and the salvage of gold has become a fine art. The variety of odds and ends of gold is such that these hydraulic machines includes large quantities of bird shot, bullets, cartridges, odd pieces of metal in addition to the occasional watch, ring, knife, and guns of all sizes and shapes. At one time all this junk was simply thrown away, but few years ago a ginger in charge of the recovery process in an experimental mood decided to treat the waste material in the form of bullets, shot and small pieces of metal. As a result of this experiment, a pure gold worth about \$100,000 was recovered, and now all bullets, shells, and bits of metal are carefully salvaged and treated to extract every last bit of worth.

In common with other cities and towns Dawson has its parking and traffic problems. Scores of cars and trucks of all sorts clutter up the streets and trails at all hours. Many streets are "cracked" by the Klondike gold fields as can be reached by motor car over a network of excellent roads.

A Troopship De Luxe

British Soldiers Will Enjoy Liner Comforts On New Boat

British soldiers sent to distant stations in the Empire or on foreign expeditions will be able to travel in comfort and luxury on the new troopship Dunera.

The vessel, of 11,160 tons, has been built for the British India Steam Navigation Company at a cost of \$2,500,000 and has just completed her trial trips on the Clyde.

The cabins are actually larger than the restaurants in many first-class liners. The vessel is completely equipped with a system of ventilation which keeps the air fresh and pure.

The troops' quarters are light and airy, the public rooms are comfortable and well-furnished, and accommodation in the family quarters includes a large dining room for parents and children, special training rooms, and three-berth rooms in which are sofas convertible into cots for children.

Every cabin is the size of a parlour, and every bathroom has a fan and a shower bath. The ship is also equipped with a large dining room, a bar, and a passenger cruising service when not required for transport purposes.

A Statue Of Livingsstone

Has Found A Permanent Home In Southern Rhodesia

The life-sized marble statue of David Livingstone which for some time has been in the possession of the University and was last year shipped to Southern Rhodesia, has found a permanent home in the courtyard of the new Government offices which are being built in Salisbury.

After a thorough cleaning it will remain on view for all in the pure Rhodesian air.

The statue shows Livingstone in stride, sporting chains and a staff as the symbols of slavery. The sculptor—and by the way his name is Henry Weekes—has given Livingstone many interests by putting a bundle of papers in his left hand, and a sextant in his right, while a white paper out of his pocket—Edinburgh Scotsman.

The Utmost In Economy
MacPherson and his neighbor were discussing economy.

"What price does ye pay for coal?" asked Joe.

"Och, we dinna use coal. We have central heating!"

"But ye need coal for central heating!"

"Not us. We use peppermint!"

There are more than 16,000 apple trees in England, yet the country imports 357,000 tons of apples every year.

STANDARD OF HEALTH
WRIGHT'S SPERMINT
SWEETENS THE BREATH
PERFECT CURE

ALICE STEVENS' RECIPES

DO YOU KNOW HOW TO HANG PICTURES IN YOUR HOME?

If you have to look up at the pictures in your living-room? If you do, they are not hung correctly. The centre of the picture should be on a level with the eye, so that the picture can be seen to proper advantage. The centre of the picture on the main wall, should be at a line rather than the tops or the bottoms of the picture.

Do you pictures lie flat against the wall or are they tilted out? They should be flat against the wall, otherwise the picture seems unnatural.

Do you see only the picture or is your attention divided by the picture and the picture? There should not be one wire formed into a V over a book. There should be two wires for heavy pictures and for small pictures no wire at all should be seen.

Do your pictures hang up against their background or is there too much design in your wall covering? A small quiet design is best for wall-paper.

Do your pictures fit the wall space in which they are hung? A wide picture should not be placed in a small space between two windows.

Do you have too many pictures on your walls? It is much better to avoid overcrowding. Put some of the extra pictures away and get them out later for a change.

Do your pictures express your personality? You are judged by the pictures found in your home. Have your pictures express your personality? You are judged by the pictures found in your home. Have your pictures express your personality? You are judged by the pictures found in your home.

Readers are invited to write to Alice Stevens' Home Service for free advice on home cooking and household problems. Address: Livingstone, Winnipeg, Man.

Woolen Mill Opened

Rural Manitoba Town Establishes A New Industry

An event of more than passing interest, and one that may have important significance in the economic development of the West, took place at Sifton, Man., when the new factory of the Spin-Well woolen mill was officially opened by two Manitoba ministers.

The building is 100 feet long, 40 feet wide, two stories in height, and has a concrete floor attached. The factory is now fully equipped with all the modern machinery and tools, and is capable of producing blankets, shawls, and other woolen goods. The wool washing and drying plant is also complete, and the mill is capable of producing 200 pounds of wool per hour. This large washing and drying capacity is one of the most valuable features of the mill, as it enables the company to give its customers the best quality of wool, which is a large part of the business now being done.

The official opening took place on October 14th, the Hon. J. G. Griffith, Minister of Health and Public Welfare, officiating. He was accompanied by the Hon. W. R. Chubb, Minister of Public Works, and the Hon. R. Hawkins, Speaker of the House. The Hon. W. R. Chubb in his remarks complimented the directors for their initiative and enterprise. As he is the minister responsible for the administration of relief, he was extremely gratified to see what was being done in Sifton for the employment and hoped that other towns would take note of the development, as he could see how the problem of unemployment could be solved to a great extent through the production of industry using the products of the farm.

Wasted Effort

The canvasser called at the voter's door and was duly invited inside. At once he went into his act.

He praised the candidate. He gave facts and figures. He presented new arguments and old ones, all very reasonable.

The householder listened for an hour or more with rapt attention. Finally, the home-owner raised his head and said:

"I'm convinced," he said. "There's no answer to your arguments. I'd advise you to stop."

"What's that, sir?"

"My name is not on the voters' list."

To hatch the egg of a hen, a temperature of 104 degrees Fahrenheit sustained for a period of three weeks is necessary.

System Is Efficient

Poultry Rearing Baled And Sky-scrappers Of New York

City brood-and-bred chickens are likely to replace the barnyard variety throughout most of the "built-up" area of the United States. Poultry raising and the skyscrapers of New York are now being carried on with the full approval of the city's health departments. The fowls are incubated, hatched out, and spend the whole of their lives in small metal containers, and when they fail to lay a probable number of eggs, they are killed, dressed and marketed all in the same building.

One large New York hotel supplies its dining rooms with broilers and eggs produced in its own plant, situated on the roof. So efficient and labor-saving is this system that it is claimed that one attendant can care for 15,000 birds. The birds are housed in a separate small metal box. When they lay an egg it drops into a collecting box. Armchair Science (London).

Piper Must Be Paid

Governments Have To Balm Money For Public Services

Nowhere is there any great upsurge of public demand to restrict the salaries of public servants and municipal governments perform. Virtually every municipal body is constantly engaged in demands for increased salaries, but there seems never to go with that demand any realization that the root of such expansion must be met. Frequently, too, original appropriations for new services may be small, but entail commitments for larger expenditures in the future. If tax limits are to be imposed, it seems only equitable that there should be a limit, too, on the number, kind and quality of services a municipality is to furnish—Philadelphia Bulletin.

A Long Service Record

Speaking of long service records, here's one to shoot at: At West Norwood, England, a man has completed 67 years as superintendent of the Methodist Sunday School.

In the torrid zone, where the world's heaviest rainfall takes place, the rain is measured by "inches a week," in the position popularly called the dry moon.

Cotton is cultivated in 19 states of the Union.

I LEARNED TO BEAT ACID INDIGESTION

ONCE LIFE WAS MISERABLE... NO APETITE... LITTLE SLEEP... UNTIL THE DOCTOR SAID 'ALZALINE'

BUT NOW—AT THE FIRST SIGN OF ACID-INDIGESTION I USE PHILLIPS' AND I FEEL LIKE A NEW PERSON ALMOST IMMEDIATELY!

The fastest way to "alkalize" is to carry your alkaline with you. That's why I use Phillips'—the only genuine Phillips comes in tiny, pepper-mint flavored tablets—in a handy pocket or purse. Then you are always ready. Use it this way. Take 2 Phillips' tablets—equal in "alkalizing" effect to 2 teaspoons of liquid Phillips' from the bottle. At once you feel better. You're "over-acidized" from hyperacidity begin to ease. You feel the watching of your over-acid stomachs are corrected at the source. This is the quick way to ease your acid stomach distress—avoid indigestion!

PHILLIPS' ALKALINE

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You're Always Sure when you bake with

PARFUMS
Best for all your Baking

7547

IM FEELING FINE THIS MORNING — FREE FROM THAT THROBBING HEADACHE AND READY FOR A GOOD DAY'S WORK.



All people who suffer occasionally from headaches know to know this way to quick relief.

At the first sign of such pain, take two "Aspirin" tablets with a glass of water. Sometimes if the pain is more severe, a second dose is taken every hour, according to directions. Headaches keep coming back, we advise you to see your own physician. He will look you over in order to correct it.

"Aspirin" tablets are made in Canada. "Aspirin" is the registered trademark of the Bayer Company, Limited, of Wuppertal, Germany, for the name Bayer in the form of a cross on every tablet.

Demand and Get "ASPIRIN"

MADE IN CANADA

WHAT HO!

By RICHARD CONNELL
By Arrangement With Thomas Allen, Publisher.
CHAPTER I.—Continued

"It's not a question of price," said Ernest. "That's a fair enough consideration that I started this business with nothing but a capital of twenty-nine dollars, my diploma from the MacGrudder College of Taxidermy, and six white mice. But, you see, Mr. Slouman, this is more than just a business to me. It's—Ernest blushed, "what you might call my life-work. Maybe you'll laugh at me, Mr. Slouman, when I tell you that the money I make here is really secondary to the pleasure I get out of doing jobs like this."

He patted the mouse of the horse Tartar.

"Of course," he appended, "I don't make very much money, but I'm content enough to live on, as a matter of fact."

"Ernie," said Mr. Slouman, sadly, "I'm afraid you'll never be a trader. Now, if somebody came to me and wanted to buy my business do you think I'd tell 'em I was dragging out foot in the red ink? No, sir! I'd tell 'em I was making so much money I had to hire a man and boy to Ernest smiled.

"I guess I'm not much of a businessman," he admitted. The shop bell tinkled.

"Excuse me," he said. "A customer, I hope."

He opened the door and permitted Mr. Slouman to peer into an atmosphere redolent with the perfume of parrots and poodles. A large, patient impatient lady was waiting at the counter. At the sight she looked like one of Ernest Bingley's more pretentious efforts in the field of taxidermy; for her ample well-cushioned form was swathed in the brown fur of that prolific but expensive little animal, the mink.

Ernest Bingley made a courtesy bow.

"How do you do, Mrs. Wyncoop?" he said.

"Hello, Armina, how's tricks?" said Mr. Slouman.

She favored them both with a nod that was on-drift of an inch from top to bottom, and hoary with frost.

"With I could stay and have a chat about old times, Armina, said Mr. Slouman, a look of malicious glee twinkling in his face, "but I can't. I've got some show to the folks who believe in patronizing home-town merchants. So long."

From Mrs. Wyncoop's arctic expression it was possible to glean the thought that if Mr. Slouman went to

a most remote and torrid spot and remained there indefinitely to her, would be entirely satisfactory to her.

When the door had snapped at the heavy heels of the departing shoelater, Mrs. Wyncoop said,

"Is he ready?"

"Indeed he is, Mrs. Wyncoop," said Ernest. "I shall be happy to have you inspect him. Will you kindly step into the studio?"

Mrs. Wyncoop unleashed a long nettie and gazed upon the fruit of many weeks of painstaking work. She said nothing. She looked nothing, it was not so much as the quiver of a chin did she signify approval, or disapproval. Ernest regarded her expectantly nervously. Still she made no comment.

Finally Ernest faltered, "Well, do you like him?"

In a throaty alto Mrs. Wyncoop said,

"There's a patch of hair on his—err—tore, which needs smoothing."

"So sorry," said Ernest. He had ruffled the hair in scrambling off the horse. He smoothed the offending patch. He waited, but no word of encomium was forthcoming.

She replaced her lorgnette in its holster.

"Deliver him to The Pines immediately," she said, and turned to go.

"Excuse me, Mrs. Wyncoop," said Ernest. "I want to ask you something."

She expelled an icy monosyllable. "Well?"

"I was just wondering," began Ernest embarrassedly, "if you would mind, that is, if you would be so good as to permit me to exhibit Tartar at the state fair next month."

"Why, pray?"

"Well, you see," said Ernest, "I sort of thought I'd exhibit some of my work. I've got an idea for an exhibit, a complete collection of all the birds and animals native to Iowa, mounted and arranged by me."

"There's a prize, you know, for the most interesting exhibit of Iowa products. I thought I might have a chance to win it. I could use that hundred dollars, Mrs. Wyncoop. My collection is pretty complete, but it lacks a buzzard and a horse. I can get the buzzard easily enough, but horses are scarce—stuffed ones, I mean—and as for—"

"You may not exhibit Tartar," said Mrs. Wyncoop. "I can assure you that Mr. Wyncoop will not permit you to exhibit him."

"But," protested Ernest, "he is my work the best thing I've ever done and if you don't let me—just for that week—"

"You will be paid adequately for your work," said Mrs. Wyncoop. "When you deliver it to The Pines, but if you attempt to show our property, you will hear from our attorney. I promise you."

"But see here, Mrs. Wyncoop, I need—"

"Go day to you," she cut in, and strode out through the pet shop toward her waiting limousine.

"Oh, look up!" cried Ernest. "You're old, old, old," croaked a harsh voice.

Mrs. Wyncoop gave a sharp splash of pain and terror.

As she passed his perch, a second hand parrot, an African gray, thrust his head between her and Tartar, and gave the roan coat of Tartar a final smoothing.

"Good-by old boy," he said.

He took an old olive drab army blanket from his bed and put it on the horse.

"Why?" he asked aloud, "can't people be nicer?"

With the question unanswered, he went out into his pet shop, and to somewhat morose, doled out to the tropical fish their rations of anti-guppies, patted and fed the assorted reptiles, low-birds, white mice and guinea pigs, then locked up and started down Main Street to see the expressman about a truck for transporting Tartar to the ornate residence of Mr. Otis G. Wyncoop.

headgear and swept the ground in deep oblation.

"Greetings and salutations, Mr. Ernest," said one.

"The 'old' to 'his' is 'Lordship to-day,'" said the other.

Ernest, with a struggle, summoned a smile to his face.

"Hello, Joe, Hello, Chuck," he said, hurriedly.

He hurried on, trying not to keep step with the Hogra's March they whistled after him.

In the lobby of the New America House (Rooms 81 and up) two men were embedded in worn leather chairs, idly watching the passing parade of Main Street through the broad plate-glass window.

One of them was Harry Lewis, on the road for a New York hat house, and he was yawning, gold-toothed, at the idea of being stymied for the night in Bear Falls when he might have been yawning at red-brown, cigar-stained gin in Davenport.

He was an eagle-beaked, jockey-like man in a light-pepper-green suit, and a Super-Wonder Jersey (Tail Mail Style, \$2.85 retail), and the stub of a cold cigar seemed a permanent part of his hairy hand.

The other lobbyist-stater was a native son, one of the Ten Thousand, and he had a silver nose, the intellect of a brown, grumpy and garb of a senator.

His name was Samuel P. Cole, and he had been out of work for a week, but he was not a failure. He didn't. Messrs. Lewis and Cooke were exchanging recipes for winning the favor of ladies met casually on railroad trains.

"What do you do for fun in this burg?" inquired Lewis.

"I'll show you," said Cooke. "Here comes the town clown."

"The punk in the comic hat?"

"Yep."

"Why are those two petty-larceny shenanigans looking like that?"

"They're waiting for me."

"Some fun," grunted Lewis. "Does that pass for kidding in this dorp?"

"Just wait, promised Cooke. "I'll call him in. All you got to do is follow my lead. Get it?"

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When People Felt Safer

British Prime Minister Lloyd George

The Old Days

Prime Minister Chamberlain yearned for the "good old days" of Chamberlain's Association of British Chambers of Commerce at Manchester.

"Everyone, I think—certainly not least His Majesty's ministers—must look back with envy on the good old days when Britain was an impregnable island and possessed the only fleet of consequence in the world, and when men, if they cast upward an inquiring glance at the sky, did so only to ascertain what were the weather prospects."

"I think that public speaking must have been easier in those days when every word was not examined with a microscope to find in it meanings invisible to the naked eye, and when a man might address his own countrymen without being accused of directing his utterances—and even his reticences—at some other nation."

New Geographical Data

Two Thousand Squares Miles Added To The Map Of Canada

Four hundred and forty-five years after the discovery of the North American continent, by Columbus' exploration of portion of its terrain is still continuing, revealing new geographical data and land formations.

Two young Englishmen, R. J. O. Bray and P. D. Baird, have returned from their expedition to the Arctic, and have been added to the map of the Canadian Arctic through their explorations.

The explorers, two of a party of Englishmen who have been camped on Southampton Island in Hudson Bay for the last two years, returned out on the Mission ship, Ste. Therese, in September after a year in the Arctic, and have returned to the north again as soon as possible.

The party is sponsored by an English University and have no connection with the government survey parties that were landed.

Mental Telepathy

May Some Day Make War Impossible

Thinks Psychologist

Extraordinary experiments on people's apparent ability at mental telepathy—may some day end war, Dr. Charles F. Polster, author of "Mental Telepathy," said in New York.

Referring to recent experiments of Dr. J. H. Rhine at Duke University which indicated that men were able to "read" symbols on cards which they could not see, Dr. Polster told the Future Human Society.

"Consider, for instance, the possibilities for international peace when the technique of extra-sensory perception is fully worked out."

"Trained telepaths will without the present any system. Without using their own country."

Group of gifted "espers" will be able to discover the plans of the enemy's strategists and leaders.

"Since the essence of success in war is secrecy, when secrecy is destroyed, war will be impossible."

Gave Up Large Estate

But Man Inherits Title Whether He Wants It Or Not

George Cecil Morris, 86, who "ran away from titles" 50 years ago, apparently has been caught by a baronetcy.

Whether he wants it or not, he became the head of an old and wealthy Welsh family as the heir to his nephew, Sir Tankerville Morris, who died a week ago in Wales.

Morris turned down a £10,000-estate and baronetcy which now falls to him.

"I don't want either," he declared. "I ran away from titles 50 years ago. I want to be left alone with my hovers."

But normally he will be the head of the family, though he need not use his title.

Placing The Blame

Mullingham was not great as a sportsman and he was out one day over staking in Scotland, and made a series of inexplicable misses; and, after failure at a very easy mark, he was to attempt a very difficult one.

"Now, Donald, whose fault was it that time?"

Donald: "Well, the stag wasn't more than a hundred yards, and it's not my fault you missed him; and it wasn't the fault of the stag, for he stood still enough, and it wasn't the fault of the gun; for I knew it was a right good one; so I'll just leave it to you to think it over and find out whose fault it was!"

Several cakes of a crude soap were found among the ruins of Pompeii, which had been destroyed by an eruption of Mount Vesuvius in 79 A.D.

YES, YOU MUST USE THIS EARLIER NEXT TIME! IT HELPS PREVENT MANY COLDS

THANKS, FEELS BETTER

ALREADY

Keep it Handy—Use it Early

Canada's Doctors

Latest Statistics Show One To Every 1,684 Persons

Comparatively speaking there are not so many doctors in Canada as there were years ago. That is, physicians and surgeons. At the beginning of the century there was one doctor for every 969 of the population. The proportion gradually decreased until the latest statistics show one in every 1,684. One reason vouchsafed is that the period of training has about doubled, making the course a longer and an expensive one.

Although medical science has advanced like everything else, yet the lack of medical service in rural sections is one of the greatest drawbacks in the country today. The population has become more urban and less rural in general character, and it is obvious that, with greater territory to cover and more time consumed in travel it takes more doctors to attend to the needs of the country than of the city. There is one doctor for every 700 or so people in the large cities, but only one for every 1,300 in the country.

In England and Wales there is only one doctor in 1,363 of the population, and in France one in 1,250.

The situation is different in two other very advanced social service countries. In the United States there is one medical man in 798, whereas in Australia there is one in 1,373.

About ten per cent of the Canadian doctors were born, though not necessarily educated, outside of Canada—five per cent in the British Isles and four British countries and 24 per cent in the United States, according to the census branch of the Dominion bureau of statistics—Brandon, Man.

Record For Horses

Broke and Jerry, a team of six-year-old Belgians, weighing 4,350 pounds, broke the world's horse-pulling record at Ohio State Fair, Columbus, Ohio, September 1, when they pulled the last load of 3,925 pounds the required distance of 27.5 feet. This is equivalent to hauling 27 tons of gravel back pavement.

The winners are owned by Burley Moyer of Greenfield, Ind. Their record displaced the 3,800-pound pull made by the famous Michigan team, Rock and Tom.

"My face is my fortune, sir," she said, so the census-taker put her down as "on relief."

Little Helps For This Week

The temple of God is holy, which temple you are. 1 Cor. 3:17.

Now we know the mighty influence of our sins.

On souls that would their Father's image bear.

Make us as holy temples of our Father's love.

Where dwells forever calm, adoring prayer.

Aluminum Ships Possible

But Will Be Scouted Just As Iron Vessels Were

A hundred years ago the wise-acres said that iron ships would not work. That criticism was long ago consigned to the bogs. September 26 was the centenary of the first iron vessel registered at Lloyd's.

The new type had no masonry passage. An iron steamship was successfully launched in 1821, but that criticism was long ago consigned to the bogs. September 26 was the centenary of the first iron vessel registered at Lloyd's.

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Jelly Powders, all flavors, 12 pkgs.	49c
Red Rose Coffee, 1 lb tins, per tin	38c
Nabob Black Tea 1 lb pkg.	49c
Apple Cider, while they last, pint bottles 2 for	29c
Apricot or Pineapple Juice, tall tins, 2 for	29c
Tomatoes, Alymer choice quality 2 tins	25c
Sodas, Paulins handy box, reg 35c, now	29c
Home Brand Floor Wax, 1 lb tins each	25c
Honey Whip, 24 oz container, each	32c
Raspberry or Brambleberry jam, 4 lb tins	49c

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The Gleichen Call

Town & District

Miss Joan Leacock of Calgary spent several days visiting relatives in Gleichen.

Mrs. A. McPhee and three children of Calgary were visitors at the home of Mrs. W. M. Phee for a week or so. Sidney Carrick who has been living at the coast for the past several years returned home last week to visit his relatives.

Charlie Parks, an old timer of the district, but now living in Calgary has been spending the past week or two in town visiting his old friend W. W. Brown. Mr. Parks had still tell a good story especially when Glen House is nearby, and many a hearty laugh echoes down the hall way of the Brown mansion these days.

The annual New Year's Eve dance given by the 22nd Battery was a great success. The fine weather had a lot to do with bringing out the big crowd, which was much larger than a year ago. Everyone enjoyed themselves in the beautifully decorated hall and the majority stayed until the last dance was played and that was five o'clock. It seems that a long time has gone by since any dance here lasted until 5 a.m.

Ewart T. Tudhope son of former Mayor Tudhope of Gleichen and who for sometime was C.P.R. freight agent here died recently in California. The following particulars are taken from a Los Angeles paper: "Ewart T. Tudhope passed away December 14th at the Good Samaritan hospital in Los Angeles. He leaves his widow Myrtus Tudhope of Long Beach, his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Tudhope, and a brother, E. A. Tudhope of Lancaster; a sister, Mrs. Jessie R. Gaudaur of Inglewood. Funeral services will be conducted tomorrow, Thursday, December 16th at 3 o'clock at Grace chapel in Inglewood Park. Cremation will follow."

The Drumheller Rockets went down to a 3-1 defeat before the Gunners here last night. There was no doubt about it Gleichen was the better team, time and again they got through the Drumheller defence only to be out guessed by the goals. Wilson for Gleichen had very few hot ones to keep out. The second and third periods were the best Drumheller doing everything in their power to score. Four penalties were handed out two to each club. Gleichen made three goals in the first, four in the second and one in the third. Drumheller made their only counter at the beginning of the third. Practically every Gleichen player either scored or got in an assist.

GLEICHEN UNITED CHURCH

Rev. J. N. Wilkinson, Minister.
Mrs. H. Birch, choir leader.
Miss Jean Farquharson, pianist.
11 a.m. Church School.
7:30 p.m. Divine Worship. Subject "The Model Prayer."

"More things are wrought by prayer than this world dreams of" has often been quoted, but to know something of what prayer is capable of accomplishing, we should spend some time with the Master in the school of prayer for some prayers do not accomplish anything because many people do not understand how to use this power. A study of the Lord's Prayer is a good place to begin.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH

Evangelism and service at 7:30 p.m. Rev. G. W. Lang, B.A., incumbent. You and your friends are cordially invited to the above service.

IN PRAISE OF CHINOOK

At the time of writing the most welcome visitor to the countryside is the chinook. Before this is read, we may be back again to thanksgiving. But it is the time we will have lived. No chinook was more welcomed than that which arrived last week and it seemed a long time coming. Although all parts of the west share in moderating temperatures, it is given to Southern Alberta to be swept by the overnight from sub zero to a warmth of atmosphere which is actually summertime. No wonder Albertans are ready believers in the strange and miraculous. They are constantly being confronted with miracles of nature, not least of which is the life saving chinook.

By morning, southern Alberta in all directions was sharing in the soothing breezes, and songs of thanksgiving rose from man and beast. The need for relief had been even more crucial in other parts of the country where here Rivers and creeks were freezing and farmers had to feed stock. With a large and gracious gesture the chinook offered assistance. At its soothing touch hens cackled, birds twittered, animals roused from lethargy, windows and doors were

"THE GO-GETTER
Geo. Brent and
Anita Louise

THURSDAY 8.30 P.M.

SATURDAY: Matinee at 2 p.m., and evening shows at 7.30 and 9.15.

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DRAWING

TRUCK WORK OF ALL KINDS
COAL HAULED FROM INDIAN MINES

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McCONNELL'S GARAGE

flung open and human beings lost to view for some time began to emerge. Is it little wonder that, as a people we are obsessed with the weather. It is so much a part of our being, it is not our lot to take the slow procession of the seasons calmly and as a matter of course. Because in this country there is no such dignified procession. Other countries may resign themselves to long unbroken stretches of cold, and go about their business without protest or alarm.

UNITY

on

January 7, 1938
at 9.30 p.m.

JOHN I. MCFARLAND

Will Speak Over
Radio Stations -

CFCN - Calgary
CJOC - Lethbridge
CJCA - Edmonton
CFGP - Grand Prairie

To the
People of Alberta

on

'UNITY'

But in southern Alberta we are attuned to the chinook. We expect it to come along and rescue us from any undue discomfort, and feel aggrieved if it is tardy in appearance. And it must be admitted that it has never yet failed us utterly. We give thanks to our chinooks.



Think what this wonderful offer will mean in enjoyment throughout the whole year for yourself and your family. Magazines of your own choice and this newspaper, packed with stories, timely articles, helpful departments and colorful illustrations. Now is your chance.

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- ☐ Can. Horticulture and Home Magazine - 1 yr.
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- ☐ Silver Screen - 1 yr.
- ☐ Open Road for Boys - 10 mo.
- ☐ American Fruit Grower 1 yr.

GROUP 2

- ☐ News-Week (26 issues) 6 mo.
- ☐ True Story - 1 yr.
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